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APPLICATION NO.	FILIN	G DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/700,991	10/700,991 11/03/2003		Vahid Tarokh	MN1-004US	5626
29150	7590	09/08/2005		EXAMINER	
	YES, PLLC		LAM, DUNG LE		
421 W. RIVERSIDE AVE, STE 500 SPOKANE, WA 99201				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,				2687	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		• •					
		10/700,991	TAROKH ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	The MAN INC DATE of this communication and	Dung Lam	2687				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status	•		•				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 No	ovember 2003.					
,—	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims		•				
4) 又	- 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-80</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,8-11,32,33,41-46,48-51,72 and 73</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) 7, 12, 17-31, 34-40, 47, 52,57-71, and						
8)[	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
.—	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 November 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
	•						
AM1	-4/a)						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) 🔲 Noti	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate				
	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Katz (US Patent No. 6,393,303).
- 3. Regarding **claim 1**, **Katz** teaches a method for use in a wireless communication system, the method comprising: outputting at least one signal suitable for causing a smart antenna (SDMA) to transmit at least one complementary beam (auxiliary beam Col. 2, lines 55-65).
- 4. Regarding claim **2**, **Katz** teaches all the limitations in claim 1. **Katz** further teaches that said smart antenna transmits said at least one complementary beam based on said at least one signal (Col. 2, lines 55-65).
- 5. Regarding claim 3, Katz teaches all the limitations in claim 2. Katz further teaches that said at least one signal is operatively configured to cause said smart

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antenna to perform single beam complementary beamforming (auxiliary beam col. 2, lines 55-65).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claim 4-6,8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Katz et al. (US Patent No. 6735445) in view of Sharony et al (US Patent No. 6735445).
- 6. Regarding claim 4, Katz teaches all the limitations in claim 3. Katz further teaches that the main (principle) beam has a transmit power level that is significantly greater than said transmit power level of the complementary beam (Col. 3. lines 58-62) However, Katz does not teach said smart antenna to perform said SBCBF by transmitting a detectable power level in all smart antenna directions and also maintain the shape of the main beam. In an analogous art, Sharony teaches a transmitting energy at a detectable transmit power level in all smart antenna-supported directions (Col. 2, lines 13-18) while substantially preserving a shape of at least one main transmit beam (Col. 2, lines 13-18). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to combine Katz with Sharony's teaching to have a power level of the auxiliary beam in all direction to be

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lower than that of the main beam to inform other users of on-going activity thereby preventing collision.

- 7. Regarding **claim 5**, **Katz** and **Sharony** teach all the limitations in claim 4. **Katz** further teaches that said SBCBF is operatively performed by said smart antenna that is operatively associated with a base station within a wireless communication system (Col. 5, lines 45-54).
- 8. Regarding **claim 6**, **Katz** and **Sharony** teach all the limitations in claim 5. **Katz** further teaches that said base station includes a Butler matrix network configured to form said at least one main beam using said smart antenna (Col. 5, lines 45-54).
- 9. Regarding **claim 8**, **Katz** and **Sharony** teach all the limitations in claim 6. **Katz** further teaches that said Butler matrix network is configured to provide pre-combining SBCBF (Col. 7, lines 28-45 and Fig. 3).
- 3. Claims 9 –12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Katz et al.** (US Patent No. 6735445) in view of **Sharony et al** (US Patent No. 6735445) in further view of **Almqvist** et al (US Patent No. 6839573).
- Regarding claim 9 and 12, Katz and Sharony teach all the limitations in claim 1.

  However, they fail to teach said at least one signal is operatively configured to cause

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said smart antenna to perform subspace complementary beamforming (SCBF). In an analogous art, Almqvist teaches a method of generating an intended sidelobe as a power addition (Col. 4, lines 34-50). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to add the sidelobe creation to make the main beam more detectable due to the additional power of the sidelobe. 12. With further regard to claim 12, the said at least one signal includes N-K data streams inherently operatively configured to cause said smart antenna to transmit energy in at least one side lobe.

- Regarding claim 10 and 11, Katz, Sharony and Almqvist teach all the limitations in claim 9. Almqvist further teaches: determining said at least one signal by selectively modifying/expanding a size of a weight matrix to operatively support said SCBF. (Col. 5, lines 43-48 and lines 60-64).
- Claims 32 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Katz et al. (US Patent No. 6735445) in view of Sharony et al (US Patent No. 6735445) in further view of Bevan et al.(US Patent No. 6891897).
- Regarding claim 32, Katz teaches all the limitations in claim 1. However, Katz fails to teach that said a zero-forcing beamformer is used to output said at least one signal. In an analogous art, Bevan teaches that multiple receive antennas from individual transmit antennas may spatially separated at the receiver using a form of antenna spatial `nulling' call zero-forcing (col. 3, lines 43-48). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was

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made to combine Katz with Sharony's teaching to add the zero-forcing method to distinguish the signal more easily.

- 14. Claim 33 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Katz et al. (US Patent No. 6735445).
- 15. Regarding **claim 33**, **Katz** teaches all the limitations in claim 1. Although Katz does not teach outputting said at least one signal suitable for causing said smart antenna to transmit at least one complementary beam further includes: using a maximum SINR beamformer to output said at least one signal. It is practical to utilize beamformer with a maximum SINR to ensure the best quality. Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Katz teaching to have a maximum SINR beamformer to enable best signal quality.
- 16. Regarding claims 41-46, 48-52 and 72-73, they are rejected for the same reasons as 1-6,8-12, and 32-33 respectively. Therefore they are rejected for the same reasons 1-6,8-12, and 32-33.

### Allowable Subject Matter

17. Claims 7, 12, 17-31, 34-40, 47, 52,57-71, and 74-80 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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#### Conclusion

18. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dung Lam whose telephone number is (571) 272-6497. The examiner can normally be reached on M - F 8-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lester Kincaid can be reached on (571) 272-7922. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

DL

9/6/2005

LESTER G. KINCAID
SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINER